ICD-10 Codes for Speech Therapy

Most commonly used ICD-10 codes for speech therapists:	
F80.0	Phonological Disorder : Patients with this disorder have difficulty making the correct sounds for a letter or a word.
F80.1	Expressive Language Disorder : May involve impairments with language form, content, or use of Augmentative and Alternative Communication (AAC) for certain clients.
F80.2	Mixed Receptive-Expressive Language Disorder : Displayed when a patient has difficulty in expressing their feelings and thoughts and understanding what others are saying.
F80.81	Childhood-Onset Fluency Disorder : Characterized by the patient cluttering and stuttering.
R13.11	Dysphagia, Oral Phase : Difficulty swallowing. Swallowing may be associated with pain or may not be possible.
R13.12	Dysphagia, Oropharyngeal Phase : Patient has trouble swallowing and the issue involves the patient's mouth and pharynx.
R48.8	Other Symbolic Dysfunctions : Used to capture language deficits as the first-listed diagnosis. It should only be used if an Audiologist has assigned the H93.25 code.
R47.1	Dysarthria and Anarthria : A speech deficit caused by issues with controlling the muscles involved with speech production. Anarthria is the most severe form, which results in the inability to produce articulate and clear speech. Vowel sounds, in particular, may be distorted.
R48.2	Apraxia : A neurological condition where the patient finds it difficult or impossible to move their mouth and tongue to speak. Not to be confused with aphasia, where the person's inability to speak is due to a problem with understanding or using the words.
R63.3	Feeding Difficulties : May be used for difficulty clearing the mouth of residue, difficulty establishing feeding, dependency for feeding, chewing find, and difficulty chewing.
R63.31	Acute Pediatric Feeding Disorder: Refers to a disorder that has been present for less than 3 months. Speech therapists working with children with a Pediatric Feeding Disorder may modify food or liquid textures.
R63.32	Chronic Pediatric Feeding Disorder : Refers to a disorder that has been present for more than 3 months.
F80.4	Speech and Language Development Delay Due to Hearing Loss: Used for a developmental delay caused by hearing loss in children.